TOTAL PROSTHETICS IN FUNCTION

CHECKLIST FOR THE STANDARD WAX SET-UP



1.	Anatomic midpo	vints on model		
2.	 basic statics: 1st inner correction: outer correction: parallel to the late tangent (parallel and tolerance ran 	iddle of the mucolabial fold premolar positions and middle of the trigons (red) 1st premolar positions and lingual limit of the trigons (green) 1st premolar positions and buccal limit of the trigons (blue)		
 3. Maxilla - static lines centre of the incisive papilla, labial area limit of the central incisors 7-8 mm, tips of the first large pair of palatal folds (if available) for the canine position basic statics: 1st premolar positions and middle of the tuber (red) inner correction: 1st premolar positions and pterygomandibular fold (green) outer correction: 1st premolar positions and buccal limit of the alveolar ridge transfer of the marking of the largest masticatory unit (1st molar position) 				
	 definitive outer of definitive inner of definitive set-up ledefinitive set-up	orrection ine right (alternatively: use the lower basic statics, if jaw atrophy is indicated) ine left (alternatively: use of the lower basic statics, if jaw atrophy is indicated)		
5.		toothbases in the middle of the ridge (e.g. caliper control) compliance with the labial area limit (e.g. caliper control) canine tips lie on the definitive set-up line; distal facets point towards the vestibular edges of the trigons slightly in front of the ridge, lingually inclined,		
	occlusal buccal	 buccal cusps are within the definitive outer correction in the definitive set-up line, i.e. 1st premolar between buccal cusp tip and fissure, 2nd premolar, 1st and 2nd molar in line with the central fissure 1st molars: central grooves in position of the largest masticatory unit or tolerance ranges central fissures lie within the definitive inner correction 1st premolars are about 1 mm above the occlusal plane 2nd premolars are at the level with the occlusal plane 1st molars are mesially level with the 2nd premolars, distal approx. 1 mm above the occlusal plane or 1st molars as the last teeth, then approx. 1 mm above the occlusal plane 2nd molars are mesially level with the 1st molars, distal approx. 1 mm above the occlusal plane or no 2nd molars, then check whether permissible based on the model analysis 		
	lingual	 step between 1st and 2nd premolar; 2nd premolar and 1st molar; transversal adaptation of the molar cusp inclinations (e.g. sagittal burr check, angle template) 		

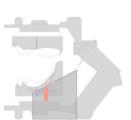
TOTAL PROSTHETICS IN FUNCTION

CHECKLIST FOR THE STANDARD WAX SET-UP

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6. Max	6. Maxilla row of teeth						
occlu	sal buccal cusps are within the definitive outer correction						
	 palatal cusps lie within the definitive inner correction 						
	 mesial grooves of the 1st premolars, palatal cusps of the 2nd premolars, 1st molars and possibly the 2nd lie on the definitive set-up line 						
	 1st molars lie on the lower 1st molar position (ideally would be the mesio- palatal cusp) 						
bucc	al 1st premolar stands vertically to the occlusal plane						
	2nd premolar stands vertically to the occlusal plane						
7. Posi	ition of the anteriors						
■ in	■ in correspondence with the centre lines between maxilla and mandible						
up up	 upper centrals labial surfaces at least 7-8 mm in front of the incisive papilla (see model analysis) 						
	per canines distal facets should not be visible from the front						
		_					
8. Stat	ic occlusion						
■ left side: groove contacts on 1st and 2nd premolar, 1st molar and possibly 2nd (see model analysis)							
■ rig	ht side: groove contacts on 1st and 2nd premolar, 1st molar and possibly 2nd (see model analysis)						
■ ma	axilla no buccal contacts outside of the definitive outer correction						
■ no	contacts distal of the stop line / to avoid proglissement						
9. Dyn	amic occlusion						
A.	Balanced occlusion						
	■ laterotrusion to the left: contacts of at least 1st premolar buccal and 1st molar with the palatal cusp						
	■ laterotrusion to the right: contacts of at least 1st premolar buccal and 1st molar with the palatal cusp						
В.	Canine premolar guidance (no 2nd premolar guidance!)						
	laterotrusion to the left: over the inner mesial slope of the upper 1st premolar, upper canine guides slightly						
	laterotrusion to the right: over the inner mesial slope of the upper 1st premolar,						





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